This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

UNION

NEWCOMB CARLTON CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD J. C. WILLEVER FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT LC = Deferred Cable F

NLT = Cable Night Letter

Ship Radiogram

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

PRESIDENT

Fime of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

FB83 145 NL 1 EXTRA = MARTINEZ CALIF 4

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

HON HENRY L STIMSON=

1943 FEB 5 AM B

SECRETARY OF WAR WASHDC=

DEAR MR SECRETARY: MEMBERS OF MARTINEZ CHAMBER OF COMMERCE UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTED RESOLUTION. MEETING FRIDAY NIGHT LOYAL PROTESTING YOUR ORDER INDUCTING SO CALLED THE ARMED SERVICES OF OUR NATION. THIS ORGANIZATION POSITION THERE ARE NO JAPANESE LOYAL TO THIS HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED BY NUMBER OF AMERICAN UNDER BORN JAPANESE FOUND IN FORCES OF ENEMY. THEY ARE CITIZENS OF THAT NATION. THEY HOLD OF JAPAN DUAL CITIZENSHIP. THEY ARE BOUND BY RELIGION THAT THEIR EMPEROR AND ANY SACRIFICE IN OUR ORGANIZATION FEELS JAPANESE IN HIS NATION. OF OUR COUNTRY WOULD BE A DISTINCT MENACE TO OUR SHOULD NOT BE COUNTENANCED . AMERICAN LIVES SACRIFICED EVERY DAY BECAUSE OF JAPANESE TREACHERY CHAMBER VIGOROUSLY PROTESTS AGAINST PUTTING THIS UNIFORM TO FURTHER JEOPARDIZE OUR SERVICE MEN= MARTINEZ CHAMBER OF COMMERCE JO H SHEPARD

Marysville District Chamber of Commerce

Office in Hotel Marysville Telephone 2100 SECRETARY'S OFFICE

Marysville, California

June 8,1943.

Peach Bowl of the World

Heart of the Golden Empire

Honorable Henry L.Stimson, Secretary of War of the United States of America, Pentagon Building, Washington, D.C.

Honorable Sir, -

Gateway to the Trails of Forty-Nine

The Marysville District Chamber of Commerce, meeting in regular session on June 2,1943, unanimously adopted a Resolution protesting the incorporation in the U.S.Army of native born Japanese, as well as the release of large numbers of Japanese from re-location camps with no announced provision of adequate survelliance or control.

This Resolution is hereby tendered to you for your action.

Please note that the Chamber of Commerce represents a community of some 11,000 persons, who are vitally interested in this whole matter, and we earnestly beg your compliance with the request contained in this Resolution.

Hub of the Sacramento Valley

PRESIDENT.

PJM enc

Home of Camp Beale U. S. Army

MARYSVILLE DISTRICT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, it has been announced through the press:

- 1: That the Secretary of War contemplates that some 28,000 native born Japanese shall be incorporated in the U.S. Army in separate combat units, and
- 2: That the federal authorities contemplate the release of from 25,000 to 40,000 Japanese from relocation camps where they are now restrained, with no announced provision of adequate surveiliance or control, and

WHEREAS, the Marysville District Chamber of Commerce, Marysville, California believes that such contemplated action would be inimical to the best interest and to the welfare and effective defense of our country:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Marysville District Chamber of Commerce, meeting in due session, does unanimously and most vigorously and earnestly protest this incorporation in the U.S. Army of native born Japanese, and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we protest the release of the Japanese residents of relocation camps, where they are now restrained, without adequate survelliance and control, and

We urge upon these authorities the following reasons, based upon an extensive experience of the Japanese for more than 40 years, an intimate knowledge of their character and our observation of what occurred on December 7, 1941, and immediately thereafter:

- 1: Following Pearl Harbor the Army wisely removed the Japanese from the Pacific Coast. To permit them to return to their former habitat would subject us again to the danger of serious sabotage and difficulty in defending our shore line in the event of an attack,
- 2: Due to the temper of the American public since the dastardly attack at Pearl Harbor, we feel that it would be detrimental to the best interests of the Japanese themselves to allow them to return for residence on the West coast, and that difficult additional policing problems would be presented thereby in effecting their safety,
- 3: It is impossible to distinguish between loyal and disloyal Japanese. We are in no position to judge the emotions of the Japanese, inasmuch as they have maintained their own schools and religion, and in many cases, dual citizenship with their main allegiance to the Emperor of Japan,
- 4: If Japanese were allowed to return to this area we could not expect the cooperation of present agricultural or industrial workers already engaged in the war effort if they were called upon to work with Japanese evacuees,
- 5: To allow young Japanese to leave relocation camps for educational purposes in our colleges would be unjust and inequitable as it affects our own American youth who have been taken out of college and are so loyally serving their country in the armed forces; to the detriment of their education and employment,

County Clerk and Ex-Officia Clerk of the Superior Court

ORANGE COUNTY

PHO

P. O. BOX 504

WAR DEPT.

MAY 13 1943

ASST. SEC.

May 6th, 1943

Generally to the President

Superior Court

ORANGE COUNTY

PHO

ORANGE COUNTY

Santa Ana, California

May 6th, 1943

The President of the United States White House

Sir:

I am enclosing herewith a certified copy of a

Resolution which was adopted by the Board of Supervisors of Orange County, State of California, at a
regular meeting held on May 4th, 1943.

Very truly yours

B. J. SMITH, County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Orange County, State of California.

AUTHORSTHATIVE ASSISTAN

MAY 13 1943

PHONE 3000

BJS:c Encl.

4 5

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

May 4, 1943.

On motion of Supervisor Gordon , duly seconded and carried, the following Resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, it has been announced through the press that the Secretary of War contemplates that some 28,000 native-born Japanese shall be incorporated in to the United States Army in special combat units, and that the federal authorities contemplate the release of from 25,000 to 40,000 Japanese from relocation camps that are now restrained, with no announced provision for adequate surveillance or control, and that

WHEREAS, other boards of supervisors in various counties of the State of California have earnestly and vigorously protested such contemplated actions as announced through the press, and that

WHEREAS, this Board does sincerely and earnestly join in said protest of said contemplated actions as so announced through the press.

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that this Board of Supervisors does hereby earnestly and vigorously protest against said contemplated actions hereinabove expressed.

BE IT FURTHER ORDERED that certified copies of this Resolution be sent to the Secretary of War, to the War Relocation Board, and to our Representative in Congress and United States Senators of the State of California, General Dewitt, the Governor of the State of California, and to the President of the United States, so that our thoughts as herein expressed may be respectfully presented and so considered.

AYES: SUPERVISORS IRVIN GEO.GORDON, FRED C.ROWLAND, JAMES A.BAKER, WILLARD SMITH AND WILLIS H.WARNER

NOES: SUPERVISORS NONE

ABSENT: SUPERVISORS NONE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss COUNTY OF ORANGE.

I, B. J. SMITH, County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Orange County, California, hereby certify that the above and foregoing Resolution was duly and regularly adopted by the said Board at a regular meeting thereof held on the 4th day of May, 1943, and passed by a unanimous vote of said Board.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 4th day of May, 1943.

County Terk and ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Orange County, California.

Congress of the United States WAR DEPARTMENT House of Representatives

Washington, D. C.

1943 FEB 6 AM 9:15

February 3, 1943.

The Honorable, The Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Secretary:

I am receiving telegrams from Oregon protesting the induction of American-born Japanese into the armed forces. I quote telegram received from an American Legion Post as follows:

"AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF HOOD RIVER POST AMERICAN LEGION WE PROTEST THE INDUCTION OF AMERICAN BORN JAPANESE INTO THE ARMED FORCES BECAUSE IN OUR OPINION IT WILL FURTHER ESTABLISH THEIR CLAIM TO CITIZENSHIP ESPECIAL-LY AFTER THE WAR.

G. Robert Frey, Commander."

I wish to enter my personal protest, along with that of the American Legion, and other citizens of Oregon, and shall thank you to advise me the War Department's attitude on this question.

Very truly yours,

LOWELL STOCKMAN, M. C.

LS:mmd

324.71 Jupan (2-3-43)

Ealifornia
State Board of Agriculture

JAMES E. ARMSTRONG, LOS ANGELES

MRS, GRAGE MCDONALD, SANTA CLARA
A. J. MCFADDEN, SANTA ANA
STEWART MEIGS, CARPINTERIA
W. B. PARKER. LODI

DONALD C. BULL, MARYSVILLE W. J. HIGDON, TULARE

W. L. SMITH, BUTTONWILLOW DR. PAUL S. TAYLOR, BERKELEY

SAGRAMENTO

May 28 1 9 4 3

Honorable John J. McCloy Assistant Secretary of War Washington, D.C.

My dear Mr. McCloy:

If in Washington it is being made to appear to your Department that opinion on the Pacific Coast solidly opposes mobilization of loyal Japanese-American citizens for full participation - military and economic - in the nation's war effort, you will do well to look behind the appearances.

Support for the excellent work attributed to you is not so well organized as your opposition, but it is substantial.

Many citizens, even in this part of the country, believe that what you are doing raises the prospects for our success in this war. They do not want you to allow any loyal resources to remain unused.

Respectfully.

Paul S. Taylor

1163 Euclid Avenue Berkeley 8



The following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote of the Board of Supervisors of Lassen County, California, at an regulat meeting of said Board held on April 12th, 1943;

WHE REAS it has been announced through the press:

- 1. That the Secretary of War contemplates that some 28,000 native born Japanese shall be incorporated into the United States
 Army in separate combat units; and
- 2. That the Federal authorities contemplate the release of from 25,000 to 40,000 Japanese from Relocation camps where they are now restrained, with no announced provision for adequate surveillance or control; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors of Lassen County believes that such contemplated action would be inimical to the best interests and to the welfare and effective defense of our country;

Be it resolved that we most vigorously and earnestly protest against the above proposed actions and each of them; that we convey this protest to the Secretary of War, to the War Relocation board, to our congressmen and senators and to the President of the United States and to each Board of Supervisors of the State of California.

That we urge upon these authorities the following reasons based upon an extensive experience with the Japanese, for more than 40 years, an intimate knowledge of their character, and our observation of what occurred on December 7, 1941, and immediately thereafter;

(1) Following Pearl Harvor and for the defense of the West Coast against attack and sabotage the Army wisely moved the Japanese from the Pacific Coast. NOW TO PERMIT THEM TO RETURN TO THEIR FORMER HABITAT WOULD SUBJECT US AGAIN TO THE DANGER OF SERIOUS SABOTAGE AND DIFFICULTY IN DEFENDING OUR SHORE LINE IN THE EVENT OF ATTACK.



THE FIRST METERUFILST CHURCH

SECRETARY'S GTERE . TELEPHONE 2-7524

FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

W. P. RANKIN, MINISTER 1943 FEB 8 MM 8: 46
MELVIN E. WHEATLEY, JR.
ABSOCIATE MINISTER

February 1, 1943

The Honorable Henry L. Stimson Secretary of War Washington, D.C.

Dear Secretary Stimson:

May we take this opportunity to commend you heartily for your recent statements concerning your faith in the loyalty of our American Japanese. We in California who had the privilege of mingling with them in our communities will testify that their loyalty is impeccable, and that they are deserving of opportunities to prove it.

From the time that evacuation first seemed imminent we have endeavored to avail ourselves of the facts concerning these people and their situation. Time and again, therefore, we have been chagrined and deeply concerned over the un-American attitudes prevailing toward them. It is with alarm that we have followed the recent news releases concerning their so-called "pampering" at the hands of the W.R.A. because we feel these accusations to be utterly false.

We are sure that every noble Christian and democratic principle we now fight for on foreign fronts is in just as grave danger on this home front. If victory abroad is to be anything but hollow we must win victories at home. Consequently it is heartening and gratifying when you in your position of importance stand out for American treatment of our "Americans with Japanese faces."

Sincerely,

(Mrs. M.E.) Lucile M. Wheatley

COUNTY CLERK

STANISLAUS COUNTY

C. C. EASTIN COUNTY CLERK

MODESTO, CALIFORNIA

May 1, 1943



Henry L. Stimson Secretary of War Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Stimson:

I am enclosing herewith a copy of the Resolution Recommending Retention of Japanese in Relocation Centers for the Duration as adopted by the Board of Supervisors of Stanislaus County, State of California on April 26, 1943.

Your earnest consideration of this Resolution is respectfully requested.

Yours very truly,

C. C. EASTIN, County Clerk

By M. V. Wilson, Deputy

MVW/mm Enclosure

TO SCHOOL TO STAND THE COLUMN WATER OF THE COLUMN WATER OF

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- 1. That the Secretary of War contemplates that some 28,000 native-born Japanese shall be incorporated into the United States Army in separate combat units; and
- 2. That the Federal authorities contemplate the release of from 25,000 to 40,000 Japanese from relocation camps where they are now restrained, with no announced provision for adequate surveillance or control; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors of Stanislaus County, California, believes that such contemplated action would be inimical to the best interests and to the welfare and effective defense of our country;

BE IT RESOLVED, that we most vigorously and earnestly protest against the above proposed actions and each of them; that we convey this protest to the Secretary of War, to the War Relocation Board, to our Congressmen and Senators and to the President of the United States.

That we urge upon these authorities the following reasons, based upon an extensive experience with the Japanese, for more than forty years, an intimate knowledge of their character, and our observation of what occurred on December 7, 1941, and immediately thereafter;

- (1) Following Pearl Harbor and for the defense of the West Coast against attack and sabotage, the Army wisely moved the Japanese from the Pacific Coast. Now to permit them to return to their former habitat would subject us again to the danger of serious sabotage and difficulty in defending our shore line in the event of attack.
- (2) Due to the temper of the American public since the dastardly attack at Pearl Harbor, we feel that it would be detrimental to the best interests of the Japanese themselves to allow them to return for residence on the West Coast, and that difficult additional policing problems would be presented thereby in effecting their safety.
- (3) It is impossible to distinguish between loyal and disloyal Japanese. We are in no position to judge the emotions of the Japanese inasmuch as they have maintained their own schools and religion, and in many cases, dual citizenship with their main allegiance to the Emperor of Japan.
- (4) If Japanese were allowed to return to this area, we could not expect the cooperation of present agricultural or industrial laborers already engaged in the war effort if they were called upon to work with Japanese evacuees.
- (5) To allow young Japanese to leave Relocation Camps for educational purposes in our colleges would be unjust and inequitable as it affects our own American boys who have been taken out of college and are so loyally serving their country in the Armed Forces to the detriment of their education and employment.

10) - 1 the state of this Board that those Tanones